## INTRODUCTORY CLASS ON GEOGRAPHICAL THOUGHT ( 6<sup>TH</sup> SEM. <u>GEOA</u>)

RITABRATA MUKHOPADHYAY, ASSOCIATE PROFESSOR OF GEOGRAPHY, DEPT. OF GEOGRAPHY, AHFSM, DOMJUR, HOWRAH ( Date & time of online class: 17.04.2021{ 12.30pm-1.30pm)

## WHAT IS GEOGRAPHICAL THOUGHT?

- A. DESCRIPTION OF EARTH BOUND PHENOMENA.
- **B. BASIC QUESTIONS OF GEOGRAPHY-**
- 1Where? 2.Why? 3.What? 4. How ? 5. So what ? 6. What is spatial distribution ?
- C. ACCURATE, ORDERLY AND RATIONAL DESCRIPTION AND INTERPRETATION OF THE VARIABLE CHARACTER OF THE EARTH SURFACE.
- D. GEOCRATIC TYPE OF GEOGRAPHY.
- E.THEOCRATIC TYPE OF GEOGRAPHY.
- F.WE-OCRATIC TYPE OF GEOGRAPHY.

## FUNDAMENTAL CONCEPTS OF GEOGRAPHICAL THOUGHT

- 1. EARTH SURFACE.
- 2. AREAL DIFFERENTIATION
- 3.THE REGION.
- 4. LOCATION.
- **5.TIME.**
- 6.CAUSE AND EFFECT.
- 7. SEQUENT OCCUPANCE.
- 8. SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION.
- 9. SPATIAL INTERACTION.
- 10 GEOGRAPHY AS AN EMPIRICAL SCIENCE.
- 11. SYNTHESIS.
- 12.UNITY OF NATURE.

## **RELATIONS WITH OTHER SCIENCES**

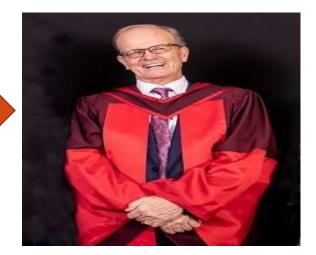
- 1. ASTRONOMY.
- 2. GEOLOGY.
- 3. PHYSICS.
- 4. BOTANY.
- ECOLOGY



**MAP OF AL-IDRISI** 

## RELATIONS WITH SOCIAL SCIENCES & HUMANITIES

- 1. ECONOMICS.
- 2. SOCIOLOGY.
- 3. ANTHROPOLOGY. HISTORY.
- 4. CULTURAL STUDIES.
- 5. LITERATURE.
- 6. PHILOSOPHY.
- 7. RELIGIOUS STUDIES.
- 8. CRITICAL STUDIES.
- 9. POST MORDERN CONCEPTS
- PHOTOGRAPH OF MICHEL
- <u>-DEAR, POST MODERN-</u>
- <u>-GEOGRAPHER</u>



## MAJOR SCHOOLS OF GEOGRAPHICAL THOUGHT

- A. GERMAN SCHOOL OF GANZHIET, CHROLOGY AND LANDSHAFTSKURTDE.
- **B. FRENCH SCHOOL OF "LA GEOGRAPHIE** HUMAINE".
- C. BRITISH SCHOOL OF REGIONAL STUDIES.
- D. RUSSIAN SCHOOL OF LANDSCAPE SCIENCE.
- E. AMERICAL SCHOOL OF SPATIAL SCIENCE AND HUMAN GEOGRAPHY.
- F. MODERN INDIAN GEOGRAPHICAL THOUGHT.

# EVOLUTION OF GERMAN GEOGRAPHICAL THOUGHTS

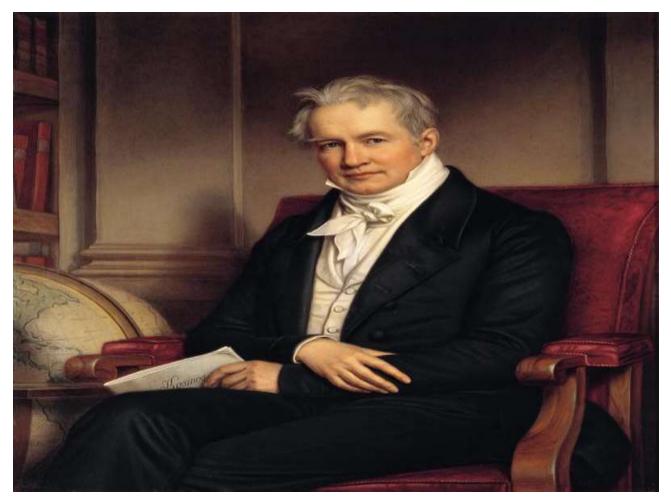
- A. 1<sup>ST</sup> PHASE OF CLASSICAL PERIOD OF GERMAN GEOGRAPHICAL THOUGHT ( CONTRIBUTIONS OF IMMANUEL KANT & VARENIUS).
- B. 2<sup>ND</sup> PHASE OF CLASSICAL PERIOD OF GERMAN GEOGRAPHICAL THOUGHT ( CONTRIBUTIONS OF ALEXANDER VON HUMBOLDT & CARL RITTER ).
- C. MODERN GEOGRAPHICAL THOUGHT OF GERMANY.

## CONTRIBUTION OF ALEXANDER VON HUMBOLDT(1769-1859)

## <u>TOPIC OF DISCUSSION</u>

- A. LIFE AND WORKS .
- **B. GEOGRAPHICAL EXPEDITIONS**
- C. PUBLICATIONS OF RESULTS OF AMERICAN EXPEDITIONS.
- D. RUSSIAN EXPEDITIONS AND GENERALIZATIONS.
- E.GEOGRAPHICAL CONCEPT OF HUMBOLDT.
- F.THE CONCEPT OF " COSMOS".
- G.SYSTEMATIC GEOGRAPHY.
- H. REGIONAL GEOGRAPHY.
- I. OVERALL CONTRIBUTION.

## A. LIFE AND WORKS( PHOTOGRAPH OF A. HUMBOLDT)



# **B. EXPEDITIONS TO AMERICA**

- 1<sup>ST</sup> PHASE OF EXPEDITIONS- FIRST AT VENEZUELA THEN FOUND LAKE VALENCIA IN 1800.
- 2<sup>ND</sup> PHASE- NORTHERN AMAZON BASIN.
- 3<sup>RD</sup> PHASE MAPPING OF ORINIO RIVER.
- 4<sup>TH</sup> PHASE- VISITING ANDEAN AMAZON REGION.
- 5<sup>TH</sup> PHASE-VISITING VOLCANOS OF ECUADOR IN 1802.
- 6<sup>TH</sup> PHASE- AT CUBA IN 1804.
- 7<sup>TH</sup> PHASE- USA IN LATER PERIOD OF 1804.

# C. PUBLICATIONS OF RESULTS OF AMERICAN EXPEDITIONS

- A.TOPICS OF PUBLICATIONS-
- 1. NEW MAPPING OF VISITED AREAS.
- 2. CAREFUL SCIENTIFIC INVESTIGATION ON INTER RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY, ECOLOGY AND SPACE OF VISITED PLACES.
- 3. CONTRIBUTIONS ON BIO-GEOGRAPHY.
- 4. ESTABLISH RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN RATIONAL UTILIZATION OF NATURAL RESOURCES WITH ECONOMIC PROSPERITY.
- **B. MAIN ARTICLES:**
- 1. "VOYAGE AUX REGIONS EQUINOXIALES DU NOUVEAU CONTINENT". (1816)
- 2. " RELATION HISTORIQUE" (1818-1819)

## D. RUSSIAN EXPEDITION AND GENERALIZATIONS

- A. 1<sup>ST</sup> PHASE-VISIT TO ST. PETERSBURG AND OMSK.
- **B.** 2<sup>ND</sup> PHASE-VISIT TO SIBERIA
- <u>MAIN OBSERVATIONS AFTER EXPEDITION</u>
- 1. CONSTRUCTION OF FIRST WORLD MAP ON THE BASIS OF TEMPERATURE USING ISOTHERMS .
- 2. DEVELOPMENT OF THEORITICAL FRAMEWORK OF CLIMATIC CLASSIFICATIONS.
- 3. INTRODUCTION OFTERM " CLIMATOLOGY".

# E.GEOGRAPHICAL CONCEPTS OF HUMBOLDT

- 1. "HARMONIOUS UNITY OF COSMOS" (INFLUNCE OF GOETHE AND J.C.F.VON SCHILLER) = HARMONIOUS UNITY IN NATURE.
- 2.CONCEPT OF "PHYSIOGRAPHIA".
- 3. CLASSIFICATION OF "COSMOGRAPHY" = a) Uranography, b) Geography.
- 4. "IDEA OF UNITY OF HUMAN RACE".
- 5. CONCEPT OF UNITY IN NATURE PRESUMED A CASUAL INTERRELATIONS OF ALL THE INDIVIDUAL FEATURES IN NATURE.
- 6. UNITY IN THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN ORGANIC LIFE WITH INORGANIC SURFACE.
- 7. CONCEPT OF " LANDSCHAFT" & " ROMANTIC" MOVEMENT.
- 8. VALUE OF "COMPERATIVE GEOGRAPHY".

# F. " THE COSMOS"

- A. HUMBOLDT WOULD BE KNOWN FOR HIS BOOK "COSMOS" (FIVE VOLUMES-1845-1858).
- <u>THE PHILOSOPHY OF "COSMOS"</u>
- 1. PHYSICAL DESCRIPTION OF WORLD AS A SPECIAL & SEPARATE DISCIPLINE.
- 2. EMPIRICAL ASPECTS OF NATURE"S ENTITY.
- 3. THE ACTION OF NATURE STUDIES THROUGH MEDIA SUCH AS TRAVEL DESCRIPTIONS, POETRY, LANDSCAPE PAINTING & COMPARATIVE PLANT STUDIES.
- 4. HISTORY OF NATURAL PHILOSOPHY.

# GEOGRAPHY

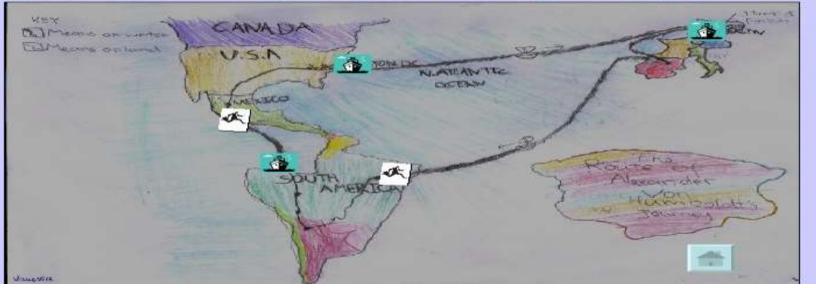
- HUMBOLDT CATEGORISED THE KNOWLEDGE OF NATURAL OR PHYSICAL PHENOMENA IN TO THREE GROUPS :
- 1. SYSTEMATIC SCIENCE (BOTANY, ZOOLOGY AND GEOLOGY OF SPACE ).
- 2. HISTORICAL SCIENCES ( HISTORY OF THE DEVELOPMENT OF ANIMALS, PLANTS & ROCKS ).
- 3. GEOGRAPHY OR EARTH SCIENCE OR ERDKUNDE OR PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY.

## H. CONCEPT OF REGIONAL GEOGRAPHY

- WORKS OF HUMBOLDT ON REGIONAL GEOGRAPHY- 1. "ESSAI POLITIQUE SUR LE ROYAUME DE LA NOUVELLE ESPAGNE", 2. ESSAI POLITIQUE SUR I ILE DE CUBA".
- <u>CONCEPT OF REGIONAL GEOGRAPHY</u>
- 1. INTERDEPENDENCE OF AREAL PHENOMENA.
- 2. HUMAN FACTORS APPEARED TO BE SUBORDINATED TO THE NATURAL FACTORS . ( SUDEEDTA ADHIKARI)

# I. METHODS AND APPROACHES

- 1. EXTENSIVE FIELD WORKS.
- 2. GEOGRAPHICAL EXPEDITIONS.
- **3. EMPIRICAL METHODS OF RESEARCH.**
- 4. INDUCTIVE APPROACH.
- The Route of Alexander Von Humboldt



## INSTRUMENTS OF GEOGRAPHICAL EXPEDITION BY HUMBOLDT

## **KEY WORDS**

## SEXTANT:

An instrument with graduated arc of 60 degree and a sighting mechanism, used for measuring the angular distance from objects and especially for taking altitude in navigation and surveying.
TELESCOPE:

An optical instrument designed to make distant object nearer, containing an arrangement of lenses and curved mirrors by which rays of light are collected and focused and resulting image magnified (exaggerated)

### ETHNOGRAPHICAL SPECIMENS:

the scientific description of people and cultures with reference to their particular customs and characteristics

# INSTRUMENTS OF GEOGRAPHICAL EXPEDITION BY HUMBOLDT(02)

## Cont.....

## ► ARCHEOLOGY :

The study of human history and pre history through the excavation of Site and the analysis of art facts and other physical remains.

### FLORA :

Flora is a word of Latin origin referring to Flora, the goddess of flowers. The term can refer to a group of plants of a region.

### FAUNA:

Fauna can refer to the animal life or classification of animals of a certain region, time period, or environment.

# **CONTRIBUTIONS OF HUMBOLDT**

- 1. HUMBOLDT"S VIEW OF GEOGRAPHY AS A SCIENCE.
- 2. CONCEPT OF "GEOGNOSIA".
- **3. SYSTEMATIC EPISTEMOLOGY OF GEOGRAPHY.**
- 4. ASTHETIC SATISFACTION.
- 5. CONCEPT OF INTERDEPENDENT UNITY IN NATURE (" ZUSAMMENHANG").
- 6. GEOGRAPHY AS "DISTINCTIVE SCIENCE".
- 7. EMPIRICAL AND INDUCTIVE METHOD.
- 8. HUMBOLDT IS REGARDED AS THE FATHER OF SYSTEMATIC PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY.

# <u>THANK YOU</u>



